WHERE FIVE-DAY BATTLE WAS FOUGHT IN THE VOSGES

War Ministry Says Coming Conflict Will Widely Differ.

WHOLE FRENCH ARMY WILL BE ENGAGED

With Front of 266 Miles No Decisive Result Is Looked For at Once.

Paris, Aug. 15.—The conditions unde hich the great battle between the ermans and the allied forces will cobably be fought are made the sub-torious and the compunication issues the French Ministry of War afternoon. By its development and the nature of the ground over which the battle will be waged, the communication cays, this vast engagement will differ profoundly from the battles of other

"By reason of the abandonment of the attack which the Germans planned against Nancy," says the communica-tion, "our concentration has been car-riled out with regularity and in its en-tirety and thus the whole of the French army will battle with the whole of the German forces, with the exception of those German troops concentrated on

Varying Fortunes Expected.

Germans Planned Quick Attack.

We know from the declarations of German strategists, such as Bernhardi, Falkenhayne and Von der Goltz, that the German plan provided for a quick attack of the first line upon our covering troops to the north of Nancy.

We know equally, without a doubt, was to have been made by passing through Belgium and then immediately striking at the French frontier. A positive proof of the verity of this german reservists from the fifth to the fifteenth day of mobilization, to the fifteenth day of mobilization, to the fifteenth day of mobilization to the fifteenth day of mobiliz

That directed against Nancy was not attempted in its entirety. The Germans, finding our forces too strong, renounced the plan.

cause there were no sleepers and it took fifty-one hours to make the trip, but he desired to emphasize the ex-treme courtesy and kindness displayed by all officials from porters up. He said a committee of stranded Ameri-cans worked hard for ten days trying o find a way out of Aix-les-Bains where they were completely isolated

where they were completely isolated. Finally, to their great joy, the government provided a special train. J. F. Stillman, Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Lord, 2d, and Mrs. L. R. Edey arrived at the Carlton from Paris to-day.

Mrs. George Q. Horwitz, of Philadelphia, who is staying at the Carlton, is rejoicing at the mysterious arrival of her numerous trunks, which she abandoned in Berlin two weeks ago, checked through to Amsterdam. Mrs. Horwitz declined to reveal how she got the baggare through.

gage through.

Mrs. H. W. Taft has arrived at the
Ritz from Switzerland. Mrs. William
Ludlow arrived at Buckland's Hotel
from Switzerland, exhausted from lack
of food and sleep. The trip took seven

WAR COST TOTALS \$20,000,000 A DAY

Britain Sends Out Trained Bloodhounds to Help Find Wounded.

London, Aug. 15.—According to an official report just issued the reminder is afforded that the actual cost of war derman forces, with the exception of the second cost of war base German troops concentrated on the Eastern frontier of the empire.

"The violation of the neutrality of elegium has extended the Belgian and rench lines to the frontier of Holland, the next battle, therefore, will be from lasle to Maestricht, with several millings of the one so fine on each side.

"The violation of the empire cost per day of every man under arms down the next battle, therefore, will be from last the several millings of the entire period of the war was \$2.78. In 1871, to the French cost per day in January, 1871, to the French government was \$3,500,900, while the cost per day in January, 1871, to the French government was \$3,500,900, while the cost per day in January, 1871, to the French government was \$3,500,900 while the cost per day of every man under arms was \$2.78. In 1871, however, France had only 600,000 men in the field. Conditions have changed very much since then and warfare is far more cost per day of every man under arms was \$2.78. In 1871, however, France the man was \$2.7 "It is this enormous extension of effectives and of front which will characterize the battle, and it will be profoundly different from all other battles. "When two adversaries engage in battle along a front of from twenty to thirty kilometres, the engagement is haracterized by two features—it is apid and immediately decisive. With front extending over four hundred ilometres (286 miles) it is not likely to be the same.

Conditions have changed very much since then and warfare is far more costly. A recent French estimate puts the expenditure for a war in which France, Russia, Germany and Austria were engaged, at \$18,000,000 per day, But an estimate made at the time of the Balkan war puts the actual expense of a European campaign at \$11,000,000 and day. None of these estimates included England. The cost of the war may, therefore, easily total \$20,000,000 as day.

"It would appear impossible, from all he evidence that one of the adveraries would be able to gain decisive dvantage upon this front of four hunged kilometres. The operations along or great a line would have varying or great a line would have varying or tunes. We will have an advantage tone or several points, the Germans II have an advantage at other points of the line of battle will continue to modified until one of the adverties succeeds by co-ordination of overments and mass of effort to gain and great the succeeds by co-ordination of the succeeds by c succeeds of effort to gain undergrowth. They are also particularly serviceable in scenting out pavulge the adversaries front and the end of the first battle.

ALIENS INTO WAR

Kept Eight Days on Meuse.

We know also that the failure of this quick strack through Beigium because of the forts at Liege, the valor of the Belgian army and the intervention of the caysary, has kept the German forces eight days upon the Meuse. The first results are these checks to the German plan.

The War Office alludes to the regulation, the concentration and co-ordination, of the concentration and co-ordination, of the concentration and co-ordination, will be able to operate at the same time with the French movement with its English and Belgian arm. The Servian army is now mistress of dierzegovina, and this will cause Austra-Hungary to hesitate to continue to send her troops which during the last eight days have been on their way toward Alsace.

The French military authorities and the Perench generous to Enemies.

The French military authorities and the Perench generous to Enemies.

The French military authorities and the Perench generous discression, are exercising generous discression, and this will cause Austra-Hungary to hesitate to continue to send her troops which during the last eight days have been on their way toward Alsace.

The French military authorities and the Prefect of Police, Célestin Henning and the Prefect of Police, Célestin Henning and Austrians now in Paris. Many of those who have made declaration the city will be allowed to remain with their families, instead of being sequestered in Western and Southern France.

Although the first pound of the exercising generous discression of the city will be allowed to remain with their families, instead of bein

Authrians now in Parts. Many time in the city will be allowed to remain with their families, instead of being suggest that the principle may be conteased by the city will be allowed to remain with their families, instead of being suggest the content of the city will be allowed to remain with their families, instead of being suggest the content of the city will be allowed to remain with their families, instead of being suggest the content of the city will be a content of the city will be a content of the city will be a content of the city of the of



A view of the Valley of the Bruche, an affluent of the Rhine, where the French defeated the Germans in long engagement.

TEN SHIPS SAIL WITH MAROONED TOURISTS

Dogs for the Red Cross.

Major Richardson, the famous trainer of dogs for police, sentry and ambulance work, is leaving England on Tuesday for Belgium, and is taking with him a number of bloodboard.

Dogs for the Red Cross.

More than 4,000 Persons Homeward Bound from War-Stricken Europe on Tuesday for Belgium, and is taking with him a number of bloodboard.

Dr. Electrone Homeward Bound or Bound or Bound from War-Stricken Europe on Tuesday for Belgium, and is taking with him a number of bloodboard.

Rotterdam, Aug. 15.—The Noordam sailed for New York this afternoon, carrying 344 first-class passengers and 405 second-class passengers. No pas-

Berlin, Aug. 15 (via Copenhagen and London).—The necessity for Americans returning to the United States seems

Germans Decorate Train, Overwhelm American Ref-

sements and mass of experiority of which some point the superiority of which superiority of superiority of which superiority of which superiority of which superiority of which superiority of superiority of superiority of which superiority of supe

bublin and Edinburgh have applied for commissions in the army. More than a hundred have already been granted.

Kaiser to Pay Back \$900.

The French Minister of Foreign Affairs, in telegraphing to the French Embassy here to-day a summary of the various conflicts about which reports already have been published, gives official confirmation of a Russian victory over the Austrians on the River Dniesten. He says the 4th Infantry regiment and the last Cavalry regiment of the Austrian army were annihilated by the Russians.

The French Minister adds that the positions at Mülhausen and Liege are

the first line upon our covered to the north of Nancy.

The French Minister adds that the positions at Müthausen and Liege are unchanged, and concludes:

The French Minister adds that the positions at Müthausen and Liege are unchanged, and concludes:

"In consequence of the universal outglium and then immediately the French frontier. A coff of the verity of this is found in the individual mobilization, directing the servists from the fifth to h day of mobilization, to regiments in French cities, rdum, Rheims and Chalons
"In consequence of the universal outgring daily from France, belgium and Holland. They carrying 344 first-class passengers and another americans are returning daily from Americans are returning daily from France, where come principally from France, where the railroad traffic has been much better in the last few days.

A number of Americans have gone to come principally from France, where the railroad traffic has been much better in the last few days.

A number of Americans have gone to react or reclaim baggage. Some have to France to reclaim baggage. Some have to remove the trailroad traffic has been much better in the last few days.

A number of Americans have gone to come principally from France, where and traffic has been much better and traffic has been much better and traffic has been much better in the last few days.

A number of Americans have gone to come principally from France, where and traffic has been much better and the two was not to rescue the matter of the railroad traffic has been much better and the traffic has been much better and traffic has been much better and the traffic has been much better and the traffic has been much better and traffic has been much better to reclaim baggage ondon by the American Citizens' Com-

Foreign Powers Cannot Compel Return of Subjects for Military Duty.

Washington, Aug. 15.—In response to many inquiries from foreign born residents of the Country. Secretary Bryan announced to-day that "the United States is not a party to any treaties under which persons of foreign country.

by any of the combatants.

The United States armored cruiser
Tennessee, which left New York on
August 6 with \$5,867,000 in gold on
board for the relief of stranded Americans, is expected to reach Falmouth late
the Berlin government, but only because all the transportation facilities in the empire were requisitioned for transportation of troops and reservises, is expected to reach Falmouth late

that teachers in Switzerland must remain in that country until they have made arrangements for transportation. This was interpreted by department officials to mean that Switzerland did not want Americans to leave until a definite route to a seaport had been arranged.

The legation at Norway reported that

Big Fleet of Liners.

From the American Consulate at Copenhagen the State Department received word that vessels can depart from Esbjerg; that daily service had been established to England, but that all Americans had left Esbjerg.

Destitute in New York.

The New York relief committee to-day appealed for \$10,000 of the amount appropriated for Americans in Europe to cover checks of destitute Americans arriving in New York.

New York-Mrs. Whitaker, Dr. Meyer Guenther, Barmoen; Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Lammond, Miss Marjorie Lammond, Chexbres; Mrs. William Kean, Berne; H. N. Goodman, left Cologne for Holland; Mr. Weisl, left Cologne for Holland; Mary Lewkowicz, Rebecca Herman, Warsaw; Mrs. Clayburg, Kissingen; Goldstein, Georgia Lee, Hamburg; Robert Potter and family. Finisterre: Marzol', Nice, Fred Lazarus, wife and son, Bad Wilnungen.

Watertown, N. Y.—Nuffer family, Barmoen.

Philadelphia—Philip Lauber, left Cologne for Holland; Mrs. R. Pierce and Taylor, Mary Caleb, Paris.

Chester, Penn.—Senator William S. Sproul, Amsterdam.

Harrisburg—Dr. Fager, Berne.

Connellsville, Penn.—Mrs. Katherine Williams and children, Paris.

Watertown, Prince Agency of Denmark, who recently was arrested by Germans as a spy and later released, in an interview the prince said: "I had an exciting journey through mobilized Europe. I started from Mina and travelled without incident by Secretary Bryan at the direction of President Wilson:

"Inquiry having been made as to the American bankers are asked to make Connellsville, Penn.—Mrs. Katherine Williams and children, Paris. and family; Dresden; Mrs. Lambert wished to know it a loan Guenther, Barmoen; Mr. and Mrs. desired by the Freich government Frederick Lammond, Miss Marjorie whether it could be floated in the

Williams and children, Paris.

to be less urgent now. The special train which left the capital last night bound for Holland was not filled to its capacity. At the same time many

son, Solingen.
Atlantic City—Miss Crawford, Paris.
Tracy, Cal.—Frank Brown and family, Hamburg.
Denver—Mrs. Katherine Kraus, cable via Copenhagen to-day.

Ambassador Gerard's cable was very brief, giving no details, and was confined to the announcement that Ameri-

cans might leave as fast as train ser- Dresden. Portland, Ore. - Dr. Delbrueck, Elber-

cans might leave as fast as train service was restored.

Officials assumed that it signalized the completion of the mobilization of the German army, as previous official advices had stated that Americans were being detained not by any order of the Berlin government, but only because all the transportation facilities. St. Louis-Papa, Barmoen.

Official advices that thousands of

Huntington Not Jailed.

Archer M. Huntington, of New York, president of the American Geographical Society, and his family were not arrested, but have been enjoying the fullest liberty at Nuremberg, Germany, according to a message to the State Department to-day from the German Foreign Office.

The German government explained that the automobile owned by the Huntington family had been requisitioned, and that the chauffeur, a British subject, had been held for a short time, but was released, and that all to, were in Nuremberg, safe and well.

Comprehensive reports also came to the State Department of the condition of Americans in Russia, Switzerland, Of those whose home addresses are not reported, the following are in the core reported, the following are in the core reported, the following are in the core reported, the following are in the warring countries.

Copenhagen—Engel party, Mary Harrison, Mr. and Mrs. Gilisflorman, Ellen Martene, Dr. Goodrich, Marie Longman, Bertha Stockwell, I. H. Wade and family, Ethel Roberts, Julius Vanvliet, Laura Levy and relatives, Ida Henze, Misses Lee, Mrs. S. F. Nebel and daughter, Hans P. Nebel and family, Elizabeth McGillen, Reedy partime, but was released, and that all the condition of Americans in Russia, Switzerland,

Of those whose home addresses are not reported, the following are in the core reported, the following are in the core reported, the following are in the warring countries.

HELP FOR AMBASSADORS

Spain Enables Envoys to Get

Their Checks Cashed.

[By Cable to The Tribune.]

Marie Longman, Bertha Stockwell, I. H. Wade and family, Elizabeth McGillen, Reedy partime, Mrs. Valentine; Mons. I. Henry Williams, left for Munich.

Paris—Consuelo von Falkenburg.

London—Birmingham, William P. Walcott, Mrs. L. Wolcott and daughters.

Norway and Denmark.

Spain has granted countries.

Warring countries.

HELP FOR AMBASSADORS

HELP FOR AMBASSADORS

Spain Enables Envoys to Get

Their Checks Cashed.

[By Cable to The Tribune.]

Mary Walcott, Mrs. L. Wolcott and daughters.

Mar

POLAND AFTER WAR

Promises Reward for

GERMANS WARNED

nounces It Will Publish

Copenhagen, Aug. 14.- A private telegram to the "Berlingske Tidende" from Berlin states that a document is being distributed among Russian Poles in which a solemn promise is made by the Czar to give Poland home rule after the war because of the loyalty of the Poles. The document is signed by the Czar and all the Russian grand

POWERS BANNED

TO HAVE FREE HAND

with what difficulties victories are won."

Another Berlin paper declares that Great Britain is paralyzing American diplomatic relations by preventing American Ambassadors sending dispatches in cipher.

Berlin (via London). Aug. 15.—The government has extended the moratorium to the end of September.

The Americans in Berlin are not altogether indigent, although about one hundred of them have been obliged to seek succor from their German and American friends because money sent to them from America has not arrived.

The Chamber of Commerce of Berlin has arranged that poor, sick Americans shall be admitted to hospitals gratuitously.

It is hoped that the United States will be able to acht. Lending to Belligerents Held In-

gratuitously.

It is hoped that the United States will be able to obtain the consent of the European powers now at war to the charter of a German steamer to the Livited the charter of a German steamer to return American citizens to the United States. The German Government is ready to negotiate in order to obtain guarantees for the safe passage of such

PRINCE AAGE IN LONDON

BRITISH TAKE GERMAN SHIPS

Document Signed by Czar Steamer Arriving at Hull Reports Many Captures in the North Sea.

TURKEY RENAMES

British seamship Buffalo on his at rival at Hull to-day reported that hi vessel had been continually stopped by gunboats. On the voyage up th North Sea the captain saw a number A Reuter dispatch from St. Petersburg says that two German cruisers on

lighthouse on Cape Dagerort, the westby General Stein, of the German nation eral staff, in which the public is cautioned against believing any statements except those given out by the general staff. It saws

"In England and France falsehoods are being spread broadcast.

"You Germans have too much faith your government to accept rumors to easily a proper specific to easily the control of the

placed under the command of Rear Ad-

man flag. The Breslau, also flying the German flag, was still in the Dardsnelles on Thursday.

According to reliable information, the Porte apologized to the powers for the arbitrary proceedings, but no statement was forthcoming to explain why the cruisers were flying the German

The official press bureau of the British Admiralty and War Department

Capture German Boat.

Paris, travelling in a cattle truck and on a troop train, my only food being dried bread. Several times I was stopped and examined, but finally got away from Havre on a Swedish steamer in company with several hundred Russian and Scandinavian refugees."

Schneefels, which runs from Calcutta to Boston and New York, has been taken to Gibraltar as a war prize.

The French liner Lorraine, it appears, had a narrow escape from capture by German cruisers on her voyage from New York to Havre, according to René Desevaux, one of her officers.

securing valuable data regarding the leading French couturiers.

TAILLEUR SUITS PALETOTS

In view of the improbability of any

further importations reaching this country, we cannot impress upon our pastons too strongly the decided advantage of making immediate

Liberal reservations of the best new foreign fabrics have been made, and orders will be executed promptly at no advance in costfor which, upon request, no bill will be rendered until October 1st.

Loyalty of People. AGAINST RUMORS GOEBEN AND BRESLAU

General Staff at Berlin An- Rear Admiral Limpus, of British Navy, Will Command

London, Aug. 15 .- The captain of the

onstrate the righteousness of our enemies.

"You Germans also are spreading rumors of victories and defeats, such as the German occupation of Belfort and the destruction of French regiments the destruction of French regiments.

"Turkey does not intend to employ the Turkey does not intend to employ the wholesale.
"Everything will be published at the proper time, and we have given our read that nothing shall be exaggerated"
"There appears to be no doubt that

flag.
Rear Admiral Limpus has been naval

A Rome dispatch says that the Austrian fleet is still in the protected wa

J.M. Gidding & Co. 564-566 and 568 Fifth Avenue, 46 11 and 47 12 STS.

Europe just before the present crisis, succeeded in having shipped to us the new Paris Models, also in Autumn Fashions evolved by the

GOWNS MILLINERY COATS MANTEAUX

BLOUSES

selections.

HOME RULE FOR

Everything.

Washington, Aug. 15.-The United States announced its opposition to-day

Switzerland, a neutral country, in quired through her chargé d'affaires if she might float a loan here, and was informed that the restriction would not apply to neutral countries. J. P. Morgan & Co. were approached a steamer. by a group of private bankers, who

wished to know if a loan should be

NEUTRAL NATIONS

consistent with True Spirit of Neutrality.

to the floating of loans in this coun try for the benefit of any of the bel-

ligerent powers of Europe.

the war in Europe, the following an-

Williams and children, Paris.
Hazleton, Penn. Seweryna Stapowich and son, Warsaw.
Baltimore—Nathan Ulman, Gotha;
Dorothy Canfield, Rome; Isaac M.
Bachenheimer, Hamburg.

the war in Europe, the following nouncement is made:
"There is no reason why loans should not be made to the governments of not be made to the government of this government loans but in the judgment of this government loans by American loans by American of this government loans by American loans by America

bound for Holland was not filled to its capacity. At the same time many Americans here wish to return as soon as the opportunity offers. Germans everywhere are very helpful.

Washington, Aug. 15.—Germany will permit the United States cruiser Tennessee, bearing gold for Americans, to enter Bremen, and will provide trains to bring Americans from the baths and resorts in the south to that port. This government was so advised to-day.

Americans may now leave Germany as rapidly as the train service is restored, Ambassador Gerard, at Berlin, reported to the State Department by cable via Copenhagen to-day.

Dorothy Canfield, Rome; Isaac M. Bachenheimer, Hamburg.

Bachenheimer, Hamburg.

Annapolis, Md.—Henry Hopkins, Paris.

Boston—Franny Rosen and two will provide trains to bring Americans from the baths and resorts in the south to that port. This government loans by American which is at war is inconsistent with the true spirit of neutrality.

This principle represents an advanced attitude on the part of the United States on a much mooted question. Hitherto loans have been floated in the United States as well as other neutral countries; bath of this government loans by American which is at war is inconsistent with the true spirit of neutrality.

This principle represents an advanced attitude on the part of the United States on a much mooted question. Hitherto loans have been floated in the United States as well as other neutral countries; at war is inconsistent with the true spirit of neutrality.

This principle represents an advanced attitude on the part of the United States on a much mooted question. Hitherto loans have been floated in the United States on a much mooted question. Hitherto loans have been floated in the United States on a much mooted question. Hitherto loans have been floated in the United States on a much mooted question. Hitherto loans have been floated in the United States on a much mooted question. Hitherto loans have been floated in the United States as well as other two children, warrant antion

International authorities have been agreed that, while the loaning of money is forbidden to any neutral government, her subjects might engage in the practice without involving the responsibility of their government. Many writers, however, have argued that by furnishing the wherewithal to continue was the loaning of money was in-St. Louis—Papa, Barmoen.
Cincinnati—Aults, Dresden.
Dayton, Ohio—Adler U. Childs and family, Dresden.
Hammond, Ind.—Edward Boney,
Manila, P. I.—Mrs. Malcolm,—
Manila, P. Regijn, Berlin, Berl Pepito, Berlin.

Dallas Nellie Fargo, Madrid.

Rockford, Tex.—Mrs. Gordon Gibson and child, Dresden.

Dallas Nellie Fargo, Madrid.

Rockford, Tex.—Mrs. Gordon Gibson and child, Dresden. and child, Dresden.
Guilford. Conn.—Hilda Smith and children, Harbach.
Atlanta—Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin, Dresden; Puruckers, Geneva.
Montgomery—Marc Vincentelli, Paris.
Winchester, N. H.—Mrs. Alexander Pierce, Dresden.
Burlington, Vt.—Mrs. Walker and sister, Switzerland.
Of those whose home addresses are not reported, the following are in the cities named:

San Sebastian, Spain, Aug. 15.—Some significance is attached to a prolonged conference to-day between the British Ambassador and the Spanish Premier, who came here especially to see him. London, Aug. 15.—A Reuter telegran from Madrid says the Spanish Cabine

has agreed to the suspension of cus-toms duties on flour, corn and coal and to a decrease in the import duties on maize and rye. The government also has agreed to advise the National Bank of Spain to assist foreign banks. The Spanish Premier denied to-day that he had received a protest from treet.
Southampton—Lux family.
Budapest—Mr. and Mrs. Bergstein.
Carlsbad—Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Steiner, look's party. less apparatus.

The "Berliner Tageblatt" of August Thursday fired a score of shells at the

"The English accuse us of having suggested partition with Holland in exchange for her neutrality. Such charges are beneath contempt and demonstrate the righteousness of our cause ceived Turkish names and will be

proper time, and we have given our word that nothing shall be exaggerated and nothing minimized.

"Few except those who are experienced in warfare can know or show with what difficulties victories are grown"

Mail" adds:

"There appears to be no doubt that their purchase is a direct contravention of international law, but the opinion is gaining ground in diplomatic circles that Turkey is the victim of a German trap to embroil her with the

this evening issued the following:

"There is no reason to doubt that
the Turkish government is about to
replace the German officers and crews
of the Goeben and Breslau by Turkish officers and crews.

A Rome dispatch says that the Aus-

trian fleet is still in the protected waters of the Austrian naval port of Pola. The entire coast from Pola to Antivari, it is added, is heavily mined. The big new Austrian Lloyd liner Marienbad was captured to-day by a British warship in the Levant, while on the voyage from Bombay to Triest. She was taken into port at Alexandria.

Our representatives, who were in